Twitter

Sports Journalism Tufts Fall 2012

Basics

 Twitter is a social networking site where members can post 140-character messages to be seen by the public (or in the case of a locked account, the user's selected network).

Users can only post text.

Terms

- Tweet: A post on Twitter
- Following: Designates a user you have elected to follow. This user's tweets will appear on your home page.
- Followers: People who are following you. You will not see their tweets if you do not follow them.

Page Basics

- Home This is your personalized landing page for the site, where you will see all messages you post as well as the messages of anyone you follow.
- Favorites You can mark tweets as favorites.
 - This does not usually mean this is a favorite tweet.
 It's often used to mark a tweet you want to come back to.

Linking

- Because space is so valuable in a tweet, you want to shorten your links as much as possible.
 - To do this, use a URL shortening site.
 - A number of sites exist for this purpose.
 - » Tiny URL, bit.ly, is.gd
 - Some news sites offer this as a share option.
 - » ESPN es.pn, NY Times nyti.ms, Yahoo yhoo.it

Upload Pictures/Video

- Twitter was designed with mobile in mind so tweets can only contain text.
- However, a number of third-party sites exist where users can upload photos, videos, etc., and get links to post to their Twitter account.
 - i.e. Twitpic, Lockerz, TwitVid, Instagram

- An @mention designates addressing someone, specifically, much as you would in a group conversation.
 - You don't have to follow someone to @mention that user.

- Clicking on your @Mentions, lists all @mentions directed toward you on Twitter.
 - You do not have to follow someone to see an @mention directed toward you in your @mentions.
 - However, @mentions from people you don't follow won't show up in your timeline.

- The common uses of @mentions:
 - When you are "Retweeting."
 - RT @sarahtrotto: Obviously, the Triple-A team would not be called the Portland Beavers here.
 - When you want to reply directly to someone's post. Click on the "Reply" option.
 - @sarahtrotto Will they definitely be playing in Tucson?

- The common uses of @mentions:
 - When you want to alert someone to a tweet.
 - @sarahtrotto Are you covering AFL this year?
 - When you're mentioning them like you would in conversation.
 - Covering the Portland Beavers game w/ @sarahtrotto.

- Copying/reposting what someone else has tweeted.
 - This spreads the tweet to a broader audience.
- Retweets are indicated by typing "RT @originalposter" before the message.
- You can retweet as is or add your own two cents.

- When writing a tweet, think about whether others will be able to retweet your post.
 - This means leaving enough characters that someone can post "RT @yourname" before your post.

- You ideally want to leave characters for them to add a response. ("120 is the new 140.")
 - Why not stick with the Toros? RT
 @sarahtrotto Obviously, the Triple-A team would not be called the Portland Beavers here.

- You can tweak a person's tweet slightly to retweet.
 - Usually for length.
 - Make sure you don't change the meaning.
- You may see MT modified tweet.
 - People have fixed feelings on MT.
 - Try to avoid.

Via Twitter:

Because Twitter provided no easy way to group tweets or add extra data, the Twitter community came up with their own way: hashtags. A hashtag is similar to other web tags- it helps add tweets to a category.

- Usually at the end of the post, but can be anywhere.
 - Usually all lowercase.
- If you add a hashtag to your tweet, anyone who does a search for that hashtag may find your tweet.

- If the word a phrase or word is unique, you don't necessarily need a hashtag.
 - ALDS vs. #alds

- For more common terms, you want to use a hashtag for search purposes.
 - Lost vs. #lost

 If the word is already in the text, you don't necessarily need to hashtag it.

 If you search a term with a hashtag, only terms with the # will show up in search.

- Sometimes Twitter will be run a "promotion" where using a hashtag will place an image into your text.
 - Example: 2010 World Cup
- Hashtags often go viral and get picked up across the Twitterverse.

- Hashtags can add key search terms to a tweet that might not fit in the context of the post.
 - Tom Brady Ranked No. 21 on NFL
 Network List. http://bit.ly/ci1Q7s #patriots
- If you're adding terms at the end of a tweet, always hashtag the term.

- Avoid using vague hashtags.
 - Use: Bud Selig rules out increased instant replay this year. http://es.pn/cwyqLW #mlb
 - Avoid: Rangers-Giants in World Series. #mlb
- Literally anything can be a hashtag.
 - #lakers2010, #yankeessuck, #twitterislame, #thisisthebestclassever
 - But hashtags that are too long can be hard to read.

- Do not use spaces in Hashtags.
 - Correct: #redsox Incorrect: #red sox

- Do not Hashtag every word.
 - Correct: #redsox Incorrect: #red #sox

 Like with linking and blogs, do not overuse hashtags.

Direct Message

 A direct message is a tweet between you and one other person.

It cannot be seen by the public.

 Comparable to posting a status update on Facebook vs. sending a message.

Other

- There are a number of third-party sites that you can use to manage your Twitter account.
 - Some users do not like the standard
 Twitter site.
 - TweetDeck and Hootsuite are the most popular of these sites.

Other

- There are also various mobile applications for Twitter.
 - You can text updates to Twitter if you authorize your phone number to your account.
 - Text your tweet to "40404"
 - Keep in mind that you can text 160 characters, but only 140 will show up as a Tweet.

Twitter Tips

- Suggested 80-20 rule.
 - 80 percent of tweets add some value
 - Interesting article, news note, observation
 - 20 percent self promotion
 - Link to your story, crowdsourcing

- Source: Journalism Next

Journalism Next

- Five types of tweets
 - What are you reading?
 - What are you thinking?
 - What are you doing later?
 - As in what are you covering/writing
 - What are you liking on Twitter?
 - What you can ask or answer?

- Source: Journalism Next

What to Tweet

- News and Information
 - News updates, on-site reporting, general information
- Links
 - Interesting stories, top stories, your stories
- Photos

What to Tweet

- Commentary/Opinion
 - As a reporter, make sure you should be offering commentary/opinion
- Pretty much anything

What to Not Tweet

- Useless information.
 - I'm waiting in line at Starbucks.
- Don't link Twitter and Foursquare or other geolocation app.

What to Not Tweet

- Video
 - Not a steadfast rule. Just not common at the moment.
- Just make sure you're not tweeting anything that would make your boss or mother unhappy.

Tweet Delete

 Even if you delete a tweet, it can live forever.

 If you delete a tweet, it won't delete retweets.

 Engage. People don't just want to be spoken at. With social media, they want a conversation.

Don't get into Twitter wars.

- Focus your tweets.
 - This is the best way to build your audience.
 - Use Facebook for keeping up with friends.
- Use it to promote your work but not only to promote your work.

- Craft your tweets.
 - Avoid typos
 - Use proper grammar (as much as possible)
 - If you're using shorthand or abbreviations, make sure they're clear to your audience.

- Make sure you read the stories/content you are linking to.
- Keep it to 140 characters.
 - Avoid deck.ly or other tweet longer options.

Sourcing

- Try to source when possible,
 - Sometimes length constrictions won't allow.
- If you're getting the information from another Twitter user, you should acknowledge that.
 - Either via retweet or H/T (HT)
 - H/T (HT) can stand for "hat tip" or "heard through"

Live Tweeting

Events can be live tweeted.

Similar to being live blogging.

Good for breaking news.

Lends itself to the second screen experience.

Twitter for Journalists

- Use it to follow sources, other outlets, etc. that are important to your beat.
- Great story ideas can come from Twitter.
 - Trending topics.
 - People breaking news.
 - Comments.

Twitter for Journalists

- Be careful of breaking news on Twitter.
 - Most outlets want to break the news on their own site/platforms.

ASNE Best Practices

- 1. Traditional ethics rules still apply online.
- 2. Assume everything you write online will become public.
- 3. Use social media to engage with readers, but professionally.
- 4. Break news on your website, not on Twitter.
- 5. Beware of perceptions.

ASNE Best Practices

- 6. Independently authenticate anything found on a social networking site.
- 7. Always identify yourself as a journalist.
- 8. Social networks are tools not toys.
- 9. Be transparent and admit when you're wrong online.
- 10. Keep internal deliberations confidential.